INFLAMMATION

Inflammation is our body's normal and healthy response to injury or attack on the immune system. Inflammation on the surface of the body is commonly described as heat, redness, swelling, and pain. Chronic, low-level inflammation at the cellular level – known as the "silent killer" – develops without pain and can lead to obesity, diabetes, cancer, and heart disease.

SECONDARY FOODS | NUTRITION EDUCATION



CAUSES OF INFLAMMATION:

DIET	ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS	STRESS	PHYSICAL INJURY	ACUTE AND CHRONIC ILLNESS	GENETICS
 Trans-fats Omega-6 fatty acids Refined sugar Casein Gluten Refined grains Alcohol Food additives Red meat Dairy 	 Secondhand smoke Pollution Pesticides/ herbicides Heavy metals Chemicals and airborne irritants 	 Workplace Relationships Personal Psychological 	 Trauma Infections Fractures Cuts Abrasions 	 Excess weight/ Obesity Heart disease Lupus Arthritis Celiac disease Crohn's disease 	• Family history

PREVENT AND REDUCE INFLAMMATION

EAT MORE ANTI-INFLAMMATORY FOODS, SUCH AS:

blueberries, dark chocolate, green tea, wild-caught salmon, ginger, turmeric, extra virgin olive oil dark, leafy greens, sweet potatoes, kelp

Reducing exposure to the above factors can help to reverse inflammation.

Exercising 3-5 days per week, for at least 30 minutes per session, helps reduce excess weight, the likelihood of chronic illness, and builds overall wellness. Additionally, exercise–including yoga and meditation–promotes mental clarity and reduces stress.

Excerpted from Andrew Weil's *Reducing Whole Body Inflammation* Mark Hyman's *UltraWellness Lesson 2: Inflammation & Immune Balance*